Fundamental Tax Reform in West Virginia

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Guiding Principles of Sound Tax Policy:

Simplicity Efficiency Fairness

Sound Tax Policy: Simplicity

- Simplicity
 - Inherently Valuable
 - More Transparent Government
 - Lower Compliance Cost
 - Reduces Evasion
 - Manipulation is more difficult with a simpler structure

Sound Tax Policy: Efficiency

- Taxes distort the way people behave. Our general goal is to minimize these distortions.
- We typically do not want to affect decisions such as:
 - Where should I live?
 - Should I work? How much?
 - Should I buy a home or rent?
 - How much should I save?
 - Should I start a small business?
 - Should I move my existing business?
 - How much risk should I tolerate?
- Broad Tax Base and Low Tax Rate

Sound Tax Policy: Fairness

- Fairness
 - Horizontal Equity
 - Vertical Equity
- Progressive, Proportional, Regressive
- Questions of fairness often depend on value judgements
- Role of federal government in tax policy

Consumption Taxation versus Income Taxation

- A consumption tax does not tax savings.
- Doug Holtz-Eakin:
 - A consumption tax (sales tax) is based on what you take from society.
 - An income tax is based on what one puts into society reflective of work.
- But be cautious

Other Principles

- Taxes and Mobility
 - Avoid taxes on mobile tax bases.
- Benefits Taxation
 - Toll Roads and Gasoline Excise Tax
- Taxes and Negative Externalities
 - Cigarette Excise Tax
- Relative Roles of State Gov. versus Local Govs.
 - West Virginia is a relatively centralized state.